Program	m: B. Tech. – Data Scier	nce (Business A	nalytics)	Semester : III		
	/Module: Data Gather	Module Code : B	FDS03001			
	Teaching	Scheme		Evaluation Scheme		
Lectu (Hours wee	s per (Hours per	Tutorial (Hours per week)	Credit	Internal Continuous Assessment (ICA) (Marks -50)	Term End Examinations (TEE) (Marks -100 in Question Paper)	
3	3 2 0 4 Marks Scaled to N 50		Marks Scaled to 50			
Pre-req	<b>uisite:</b> Nil					
Object	ives:					
thes unc	Data. Mostly 60-75 percesse data process worthy for derstand ETL (Extract, T give information about a mensions, data granulari	or business dec ransform, and l fundamental co	cision. Hence, i Load) process. Incepts of Data	it is important for stu Warehousing like s	idents to	
<ul><li>Obt</li><li>Uno</li><li>Lea</li></ul>	nes: ompletion of the course, tain data from a variety derstand and be able to rn the basic concepts of ed Syllabus: (per sessio	of sources. Kno apply the basic data warehous	w the principl tools for data	cleaning and manipu		
Unit	Description				Duration	
1	Introduction to Data S	cionco			02	
1	Data Scientist's Toolbo				02	
2	Introduction to basic to R and R-Studio; Matla Types of data question Lifecycle of DS problem Model Planning, Mode Steps in a data analysis	ools like b etc. s m:- Discovery, l el Building, Ope	-	0	05	
3	<ul> <li>Getting and Cleaning I</li> <li>Data collection</li> <li>Data formats</li> <li>Making data tidy</li> <li>Distributing data</li> <li>Scripting for data of</li> </ul>	Data – best prac	ctices:		07	
4	Introduction to Data V Architecture, Metadata	Varehousing, A	0	aracteristics,	06	

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5	Dimensional Modelling, Fact tables, dimension tables, ER model, slowly changing dimensions, Cyclicity of data, Schemas	06
6	The ETL Process; Major steps, Data Extraction, Transformation, Loading, Data Quality, sources of pollution of Data, Different levels of Testing	07
7	Fundamental Problems using training data for Decision Trees, Bayes Model and Frequent item sets with problems, study of some trends like Operational Data Store	12
Total		45

**Text Books:** 

1. The Data Warehouse Etl Toolkit: Practical Techniques For Extracting, Cleaning, Conforming, And Delivering Data; by Ralph Kimball; Publisher: WILEY INDIA, Year – 2004

#### **Reference Books:**

 The Microsoft Data Warehouse Toolkit: With SQL Server 2008 R2 and the Microsoft Business Intelligence Toolset Paperback – 2011 by Joy Mundy (Author), Warren Thornthwaite (Author), Ralph Kimball (Contributor); Publisher: Microsoft INC.

#### Any other information: NIL

#### Total Marks of Internal Continuous Assessment (ICA): 50 Marks

#### **Distribution of ICA Marks:**

Description of ICA	Marks
Test Marks	20
Term Work Marks	30
Total Marks :	50

- 1. Practical based on 10 Experiments
- 2. Two class tests.
- 3. Minimum two assignments

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Program	B Tech -Data Scie	ence (Business A	Analytics)	Semester : III	
Program: B. TechData Science (Business Analytics)Semester : IIICourse/Module: Data Structure and AlgorithmModule Code: BTDS					03002
	Teaching			Evaluation	
Lectur (Hours week	re Practical per (Hours per	Tutorial (Hours per week)	Credit	Internal Continuous Assessment (ICA) (Marks -50)	Term End Examinations (TEE) (Marks -100 in Question Paper)
3	4	0	5	Marks Scaled to 50	Marks Scaled to 50
Pre-requi	site: Computer Pro	gramming – I (b	asic progra	mming skills)	
<ul> <li>To proceed of the second sec</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Objectives:</li> <li>To provide knowledge of data structure and its type</li> <li>To provide advanced computer Science Programming of different data structure background for complex programming skill</li> <li>Outcomes:</li> <li>After completion of the course, students would be able to :</li> <li>distinguish data and information</li> <li>learn about data structure</li> <li>define various types of data structures</li> </ul>				
	ibe about data types e abstract data types				
	<u>, 1</u>				
	Detailed Syllabus: (per session plan) Unit Description				Duration
1	<b>Introduction to D</b> Introduction to the structure, Data rep Data types Recursion: Recurs	e theory of data s presentation, Abs ive definition, re ance of data strue	stract data t cursion to s ctures, Fund	damental of operations	4
2	Array, stack and Queues"Array, Stack and queue representation, Operation and examples,Polish notation, stack in recursion Queue, Queue processing, Types ofQueues: Circular queues and priority queues, Role of data structurein optimized coding				
3	<b>List and Linked lists:</b> Linked list and array, Dynamic linked lists (single, doubly, circular) – processing, operations, applications of linked lists				7
4	binary tree, tree tr Height balanced tr tree, Huffman algo Search Trees: Bina	aversal algorithr ee, Threaded bir orithm and its ap ry search tree, ir tree and B+ tree	ns, in-order nary tree, E oplications nsertion and c (including	resentation, complete c, preorder, post-order, xpression tree and gan l deletion, AVL tree, M insertion and deletion eal life problems	ne 10 -

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5	<b>Graph</b> : Terminology, sequential and linked representation of graphs, adjacency matrices, Adjacency list, adjacency multi list, graph traversal: breadth first search and Depth first search, connected component, spanning trees, minimum cost spanning tree, Prims and Kruskal algorithms, transitive closure and shortest path algorithm, Application of graph to solve the real life problems.	6
6	<b>Searching, Sorting and Hashing:</b> General background, Basic search techniques, sequential searching, bubble sort, selection sort, insertion sort, Shell sort and Radix sort and their efficiency, Quick sort and merge sort comparison, indexed sequential searching, binary search, Hashing: Basics, collision resolution and their efficiency comparison, Application of search and indexes to solve real life problems.	8
Total		45

## Text Books:

1.C and Data Structure, P.S. Deshpande and O.G. Kakde, CHARLES RIVER MEDIA, INC. Hingham, Massachusetts (pdf version)

- 2. Reema Thareja, "Data Structure using C", Oxford University Press, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2014
- 3. Y. Langsam, M.J. Augenstein, A.M. Tenenbaum; "Data structure using C and C++", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, PHI2004
- 4. Seymour Lipschutz, "Data Structures", Schaum's Outlines, Tata McGraw Hill, 2006

## **Reference Books:**

- 1. Richard F. Gillberg, Behrouz A. Forouzen, "Data Structure A Pseudo Approach with C", Cengage Publication, 2005
- 2. G.S. Baluja, "Data Structure through C (A practical approach)", Dhanpat rai and co. 4<sup>th</sup> edition, 2014

## Any other information: NIL

## Total Marks of Internal Continuous Assessment (ICA): 50 Marks

## **Distribution of ICA Marks:**

Description of ICA	Marks
Test Marks	20
Term Work Marks	30
Total Marks :	50

- 1. Minimum: Practical based on 10 Experiments
- 2. Minimum Two class tests.
- 3. Minimum two assignments

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## Mukesh Patel School of Technology Management & Engineering

Program: B. Tech Data Science (Business Analytics)				Semester : III	
Course/Module: Database Management System				Module Code: BTDS03003	
	Teachir	Evaluati	on Scheme		
Lecture (Hours per week)	Practical (Hours per week)	Tutorial (Hours per week)	Credit	Internal Continuous Assessment (ICA) (Marks -50)	Term End Examinations (TEE) (Marks -100 in Question Paper)
3	2	0	4	Scaled to 50 marks	Scaled to 50 Marks

## Pre-requisite: NIL

#### **Objectives:**

• To provide knowledge of relational database management systems, design database management and their implementation

#### **Outcomes:**

After completion of the course, students would be able to :

- Describe core concepts of database and model a database management system through ER modeling
- Apply knowledge of relational algebra and structural query language to retrieve and manage data from relational database.
- Apply integrity constraints and triggers in database
- Illustrate the concept of normalization
- Discover importance of indexing, transaction management, concurrency and recovery in database management system

Detail	Detailed Syllabus: (per session plan)					
Unit	Description	Duration				
1	Introduction to Database concepts: Introduction to Data Processing, Overview of files systems, drawback of file systems, purpose of database system, concept of a database, database system vs file system, view of data, data models, database languages, database users and administrator, transaction management, database system structure	4				
2	<b>Entity Relationship Model:</b> Overview of design process, the entity- relationship model, constraints, removing redundant attribute in entity sets, ER diagram, and reduction to relational schemas, entity- relationship design issues, extended ER features	5				
3	<b>Relational Model:</b> Concept of relation, Notion of primary and secondary keys, foreign keys, structure of relational database, relational algebra and extended relational algebra operations, formation of queries, modification of the database views.	5				

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		8			
4	<b>Structured Query Language (SQL):</b> Background, basic structure, set operations, aggregate functions, NULL values, nested queries, views, complex queries, database modification, DDL, embedded SQL, stored procedures and functions, dynamic SQL featured	7			
5	<b>Integrity and Security:</b> Domain constrains, referential integrity, assertions, triggers and assertions in SQL, security and authorization in SQL	3			
6	<b>Relational Database Design:</b> Features of good relational database design, atomic domains and first normal form, decomposition using functional dependencies, functional dependency theory, normalization, decomposition, first normal to fifth normal forms, BCNF, pitfall in relational-database design.	6			
7	<b>Indexing and Hashing:</b> Basic concepts, ordered indices – dense, sparse index, multilevel indices, static hashing, dynamic hashing, comparison of indexing and hashing, indexing in SQL				
8	<b>Transactions:</b> Basic concept of transaction, state of a transaction, implementation of atomicity and durability, concurrent executions, serializability, recoverability, implementation of isolation, transaction in SQL	4			
9	<b>Concurrency Control and Recovery:</b> Lock based protocols, timestamp based protocols, validation based protocols, deadlock handling, failure classification, storage structure, recovery and atomicity, log based recovery and shadow paging.				
10	<b>Case Study:</b> Conceptual and database design for students examination system and students admission (to an institute) system.	1			
Total		45			
Text B					
	Hennery Korth and Abraham Silberschatz, "Database System Concepts" Hill, 6 <sup>th</sup> Edition, 2011				
2.	Elmarsi and Navathe, "Fundamentals of Database Design", Addison We Edition, 2006	2			
3.	Coronel Morris Rob, "Database Principles Fundamentals of Design Imp and Management", Cengage Learning, 9th Edition, 2012	lementation			
Refere	ence Books:				
1.	Bipin Desai, "An introduction to Database System", Galgotia Publication Ltd, 1 <sup>st</sup> Edition, 2013.				
	Edition, 2013.				
2.	C.J. Date, "an introduction to Database System", Addison Wesley, 8th Ed	lition, 2003			
2. 3.	C.J. Date, "an introduction to Database System", Addison Wesley, 8th Ed Ivan Bayross, "Oracle Developer", BPB, 2000				
2. 3. 4.	C.J. Date, "an introduction to Database System", Addison Wesley, 8 <sup>th</sup> Ed Ivan Bayross, "Oracle Developer", BPB, 2000 George Koch, "Oracle8i – the complete reference", Tata McGraw Hill, 20	001			
2. 3.	C.J. Date, "an introduction to Database System", Addison Wesley, 8th Ed Ivan Bayross, "Oracle Developer", BPB, 2000	001 5			

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#### Any other information: NIL

#### Total Marks of Internal Continuous Assessment (ICA): 50 Marks

#### **Distribution of ICA Marks:**

Description of ICA	Marks
Test Marks	20
Term Work Marks	30
Total Marks :	50

- 1. Minimum: Practical based on 10 Experiments
- 2. Minimum Two class tests.
- 3. Minimum two assignments

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Program: B. Tech. – Data Science (Business Analytics) Semester : III						
			e: BTDS03004			
	Teaching SchemeEvaluation Scheme					
Lecture (Hours per week)		Tutorial (Hours per week)	Credit	Internal Continuous Assessment (ICA) (Marks -50)	(1 (Marks -10)	Examinations TEE) 0 in Question aper)
3	2	0	4	Marks Scaled to 50	Marks S	caled to 50
program Objecti • To j	nming i <b>ves:</b> prepare stude	nts to use k	nowledge	of numerical techniqu	es for scientific	computing
		s aware of v	arious tecl	nniques to solve Engir	eering probler	ns
<ul> <li>Cor</li> <li>Cor</li> <li>inte</li> <li>Use</li> <li>Der</li> <li>Des</li> <li>and</li> <li>Detaile</li> </ul>	ompletion of t npute and int npare and con prolation various appr nonstrate vari ign the soluti integration of Syllabus: (j	erpret error ntrast vario oaches to so ious approa on of mathe	s in numer us method olve liner a ches to sol ematical p	ould be able to : rical methods ls for finding roots of lgebraic equations ve ordinary differentia roblems using numeri	al equations	f differentiation
	Description					Duration
1	approximatio and its stabili	or, Analysis n of functic ty and cond	and estimons, genera	nation of error, Taylo al error formula, error		06
2	2 <b>Root of Equations:</b> Bisection methods, secant methods, method of false position, Newton- Raphson method, convergence method, choice of iterative method, engineering application					
3	System of Linear Algebraic Equations:System with small number of equations, graphical method, Cramer'srule, matrix inversion method, substitution methods, Gaussianelimination method, Gauss Jordan elimination method, Gauss Siedeliterative method					
4		nce operato Jewton's in	terpolatior	rd, backward, divided n methods, Lagrange		06

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5	<b>Solution to ordinary differential equations:</b> Taylor series method, Picard's method of successive approximation, Runge-Kutta methods, Euler's method, Euler's predictor-corrector method, Runge-Kutta method of second order and forth order, boundary value and eigen value problems	08
6	<b>Numerical differentiation and Integration:</b> Methods bases on interpolation and finite differences, Trapozoidal rule for numerical integration, Simpson's 1/3 rule, Simpson's 3/8 rule	11
Total Text B	Books	45

1. Steven C. Chapra, Raymond P. Canale, "Numerical methods for Engineers", Tata McGraw Hill, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2005

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Robert J. Schilling, Sandra L. Harris, "Applied Numerical methods for Engineers (using MATLAB and C)", Thomson Asia Pte. Ltd., 1<sup>st</sup> edition, 2002

2. S.S. Sastry, "Introduction to methods of Numerical Analysis", Prentice Hall of India, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2006

Any other information: NIL

#### Total Marks of Internal Continuous Assessment (ICA): 50 Marks

#### **Distribution of ICA Marks:**

Description of ICA	Marks
Test Marks	20
Term Work Marks	30
Total Marks :	50

- 1. Practical based on 10 Experiments
- 2. Two class tests.
- 3. Minimum two assignments

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## Mukesh Patel School of Technology Management & Engineering

Program: B. T	ech. – Data Sc	ience (Business	Semester :III		
Course/Module: Business Visualization			Module Code: BTDS03005		
Teaching Scheme			Evaluation S	cheme	
Lecture (Hours per week)	Practical (Hours per week)	Tutorial (Hours per week)	Credit	Internal Continuous Assessment (ICA) (Marks -50)	Term End Examinations (TEE) (Marks)
2	0	0	2	Marks Scaled to 50	

## Pre-requisite: NIL

Objectives:

Use of Visual analytics is the science of analytical reasoning facilitated by interactive visual interfaces.

- Use of visual analytics tools and techniques to synthesize information and derive insight from massive, dynamic, ambiguous, and often conflicting data
- Data representations and transformations that convert all types of conflicting and dynamic data in ways that support visualization and analysis

#### **Outcomes:**

After completion of the course, students would be able to :

- Analytical reasoning techniques that enable users to obtain deep insights that directly support assessment, planning, and decision making
- Techniques to support production, presentation, and dissemination of the results of an analysis to communicate information in the appropriate context to a variety of audiences.

## Detailed Syllabus: (per session plan)

Unit	Description	Duration
1	Introduction to data and its visualization	02
2	Defining the Research and Development Agenda for Visual Analytics	02
3	The Science of Analytical Reasoning Build upon theoretical foundations of reasoning, sense making,	
J	cognition, and perception to create visually enabled tools to support collaborative analytic reasoning about complex and dynamic problems.	02
	Visual Representations and Interaction Technologies	
	Develop a new suite of visual paradigms that support the analytical	
	reasoning process.	
	Create a science of visual representations based on cognitive and	04
	perceptual principles that can be deployed through engineered,	02
	reusable components. Visual representation principles must address all	04
	types of data, address scale and information complexity, enable	
	knowledge discovery through information synthesis, and facilitate	
	analytical reasoning.	

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	Data Representations and Transformations	
	Develop both theory and practice for transforming data into new	
	scalable representations that faithfully represent the content of the	04
5	underlying data	02
	Create methods to synthesize information of different types and from	04
	different sources into a unified data representation so that analysts, first	
	responders, and border personnel may focus on the meaning of the data	
	Production, Presentation, and Dissemination	02
	Tools : SAS Visual Analytics, Tableau	
Total		30

Total

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. SAS manual for Visual Analytics
- 2. The Research and Development Agenda for Visual Analytics by James J. Thomas Kristin A. Cook - 2013
- 3. Mastering the Information Age Solving Problems with Visual Analytics by Daniel Keim, Jörn Kohlhammer, Geoffrey Ellis and Florian Mansmann - 2014

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Visual Analytics by Daniel A. Keim, Florian Mansmann, Andreas Stoffel, Hartmut Ziegler University of Konstanz, Germany - 2014

#### Any other information: NIL

## Total Marks of Internal Continuous Assessment (ICA): 50 Marks

#### **Distribution of ICA Marks:**

Description of ICA	Marks
Test Marks	
Term Work Marks	50
Total Marks :	50

- 1. Practical based on 10 Experiments
- 2. Two class tests.
- 3. Minimum two assignments

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Program:	B. Tech Dat	a Science (H	Business A	nalytics)		Semester: I	II
0	<b>Iodule: Env</b>			<i>J /</i>	Module Co	de: BTDS03	
	Teaching	Scheme			Evaluatio	on Scheme	
Lecture (Hours per	Practical (Hours per	Tutorial (Hours per	Credit	Internal Continuous Assessment (ICA) (Marks - 50)		Examinati (Mar	ı End ions (TEE) ks
week)	week)	week)		`	,	in Questi	on Paper)
2	0	0	0	Marks S	caled to 50	-	-
Pre-requi	site: Chemis	try, Physics					
<b>Objective</b> 1. Intro	e <b>s:</b> duce – Envir	onment, Env	vironment	al Pollutior	ι,		
2. Acqu	aint with So	cial Issues a	nd method	ls to manag	ge them		
3. Impr	oving Planni	ing of activit	ies				
Outcome	s:						
1. Discu of En	vironmental	Environmen managemei	tal Pollutiont for Cons	on, Natural struction Pr	resources and		-
-	e, avoiding e	-			-	C	
3. Prepa	are Slogan, P	oster and pla	an activitie	es for enviro	onmental pro	tection and s	ocial issues
Detailed	Syllabus: (p	er session p	lan)				
Unit D	Description						Duration
ar Er	d it Misuse l	eading to Er l Degradatic	nvironmer	ntal degrada	ents: Natural ation. Role of ajor industria	Ecology in	08
	nvironmenta ethodology.	l pollutior	n- Types	s, Causes	, Effects,	Reduction	
Re Sc	Introduction to waste generation, Methods to Reduce, Reuse and       08         Recycle of Waste Importance of 3R's, Promotion of 3R's - Methods       08         Solid wastes, Industrial Waste, Bio-Medical Waste and Hazardous waste       08         management – Types, Storage, Transportation, Treatment Disposal.       08						
Cá	C&D and E-waste – Concept, methods for reduction, management Campaigning for waste reduction and management.						
Er	nvironmenta	l Manageme	ent System	, ISO 14000	dology, repo EMS certifica	ation	05
Sc Pr	cial Issues a	nd Environn eration of	nent Interr less waste	national Cor e and avor	er Manageme nventions, Su iding electric rojects	immits and	05

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5	Role of the Government in managing the environmental activities in all	04		
	sectors. Organisational set up at the Central and state level to manage			
	the environment. Role of judiciary in managing the environment. Role			
	of Citizens, Role of NGOs/ Environmental Activists.			
	Major Laws Air (P&C.P.) Act, Water (P & C.P) Act. Environment			
	Protection Act EPA 1986. Wild life Protection Act etc., PIL			
	Total	30		
Text B	Text Books:			

- 1. Benny Joseph (2017), "Environmental Studies", The McGraw-Hill Companies
- 2. Gerard Kiely (2007), "Environmental Engineering", Tata McGraw-Hill Education

#### Reference Books:

- 1. P. Aarne Vesilind, Susan M. Morgan (2004), "Introduction to Environmental Engineering", Thomas/Brook/Cole.
- 2. Mackenzie Davis, David Cornwell (2017), "Introduction to Environmental Engineering", McGraw-Hill Companies.

## Any other information: NIL

## Total Marks of Internal Continuous Assessment (ICA): 50 Marks

#### **Distribution of ICA Marks:**

Description of ICA	Marks
Test Marks	20
Term Work Marks	30
Total Marks :	50

## Details of Term work:

Term work should consist of the following:

- 1. Minimum five assignments on the above syllabus
- 2. Report on Social Issues
- 3. Report on Environmental Management Case Study

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Program: B. Tech Data Science (Business Analytics)					Semeste	r: III
Course/Module : Managing Uncertainty				Module	Code: BTDS03008	
Teaching Scheme				Evaluatio	on Scheme	
Lectur e (Hour s per week)	Practical (Hours per week)	Tutorial (Hours per week)	Credit	Internal Con Assessm (ICA) (Marks -	ent	Term End Examinations (TEE) (Marks -100 in Question Paper)
3	2	0	4	Marks Scale	d to 50	Marks Scaled to 50

**Objective:** 

Students will be familiar with basic rules of probability and will be able to use them in • modeling uncertainty in obtaining and recording data. They will be able to utilize graphical and numerical summaries of data in understanding data generating processes. To enable the students to analyze data more effectively using MS Excel

• To increase the student's ability in problem solving

## **Outcomes:**

After completion of the course, students would be able to :

Students will be able to learn basic probability and statistics and apply them to the ٠ analysis of real data sets from business fields.

Detaile	d Syllabus: (per session plan)	
Unit	Description	Duration
	(1) Classification and tabulation of Data: Meaning and objective of	
1	classification, Types of classification, formation of discrete and	2
	continuous distribution.	
	(2) Data Classification and Data Presentation : Histogram, Frequency distribution, Quantitative Data Graphs (Histograms, Frequency Polygons, Ogives, Dot Plots, Stem-and-Leaf Plots) ; Qualitative Data Graphs (Pie Charts, Bar Graphs, Pareto Charts); Graphical Depiction of Two-Variable Numerical Data: Scatter Plots	4
	(3) Descriptive Statistics:	
	Measures of Central Tendencies - Grouped and Ungrouped Data;	
	Mean, Sample Mean- Weighted mean, Geometric Mean, Harmonic	4
	Mean; Median - Quartiles, Deciles, and Percentiles; Mode, Box	1
	Plot;	
	Measures of Variability-Dispersion, Range, Standard deviation,	
	Chebyshev's theorem; Population v/s sample variance and	4
	standard deviation, Skewness; Kurtosis.	

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2       (1) Probability Distribution: Introduction to Probability and Probability Distribution: Methods of Assigning probabilities, Probability Space, conditions of probability model, Events, simple and compound, Laws of probability Probability density function, Cumulative distribution function, Expected values of Mean and Variance. Marginal , union, joint and conditional probabilities, Bayes' Theorem       4         2       Discrete Probability Distribution: Basics of Binomial Distribution pdf, Multinomial Distribution, Negative Binomial Distribution pf, cdf. Continuous Probability Distributions: Relative frequency , distribution and pdf, Exponential pdf, cdf, Normal distribution - Normal pdf, cdf, Standard Normal Distribution, Normal Approximation to the binomial.       4         3       Sampling Distributions: (1) Introduction, Central Limit Theorem; Population frequency distribution vs. Sampling Distributions; Sampling distribution of the sample mean - Estimating population.       4         (2) Sampling distributions of the difference between sample means/ proportion - Mean and Standard Deviation, Conditions for estimation.       4         4       (2) Sampling estimation of the population parameters and Hypothesis Testing; (3) Large Sample estimation of the population parameters and Hypothesis Testing; Basics of Estimating the populations mean and difference, estimating the proportion and difference; large sample test for population mean, difference; large sample test for proportion, difference.       4         (3) Inferences from small sample: Student's t distribution of variance, estimation.       4			
4       Probability Space, conditions of probability, probubicy, proportion, of th		(1) <b>Probability Distribution:</b> Introduction to Probability and	
4       and compound, Laws of probability, Probability density function, Cumulative distribution function, Expected values of Mean and Variance. Marginal, union, joint and conditional probabilities, Bayes' Theorem       4         (2) Discrete Probability Distribution: Basics of Binomial Distribution pdf, Multinomial Distribution, Negative Binomial Distribution, cdf, Poisson Distribution pdf, cdf, Hypergeometric Distribution pf, cdf. Continuous Probability Distributions: Relative frequency ,distribution and pdf, Exponential pdf, cdf, Normal distribution – Normal pdf, cdf, Standard Normal Distribution, Normal Approximation to the binomial.       4         3       Sampling Distribution: (1) Introduction, Central Limit Theorem; Population frequency distribution vs. Sampling Distributions; Sampling distribution of the sample mean – Estimating population Mean and Standard deviation; Sampling distributions of the difference between sample means/ proportions in a binomial population.       4         4       (2) Sampling distributions of the difference between sample means/ proportion – Mean and Standard Deviation, Conditions for estimation.       4         4       (1) Large Sample estimation of the population parameters and Hypothesis Testing; (1) Large Sample estimation of the population parameters and Hypothesis testing: Basics of Estimating the populations mean and difference; estimating the proportion and difference; large sample test for population mean, difference; large sample test for proportion, difference.       4         (2) Estimation of a population variance: Sampling distribution of variance, estimation.       4         (3) Inferences from small sample: Student's t distribution; Small sample t test for following – A population mean,	2	Probability Distribution: Methods of Assigning probabilities,	
4		Probability Space, conditions of probability model, Events, simple	
4       Variance. Marginal , union, joint and conditional probabilities, Bayes' Theorem       (2) Discrete Probability Distribution: Basics of Binomial Distribution pdf, Multinomial Distribution, Negative Binomial Distribution, cdf, Poisson Distribution pdf, cdf, Hypergeometric Distribution pf, cdf. Continuous Probability Distributions: Relative frequency , distribution and pdf, Exponential pdf, cdf, Normal distribution – Normal pdf, cdf, Standard Normal Distribution, Normal Approximation to the binomial.       4         3       Sampling Distribution: (1) Introduction, Central Limit Theorem; Population frequency distribution vs. Sampling Distributions; Sampling distribution of the sample mean - Estimating population Mean and Standard deviation; Sampling distributions of the difference between sample means/ proportions in a binomial population.       4         4       (2) Sampling distributions of the difference between sample means/ proportion - Mean and Standard Deviation, Conditions for estimation.       4         4       (2) Sample estimation of the population parameters and Hypothesis testing; Basics of Estimating the populations mean and difference; estimating the proportion and difference; large sample test for population mean, difference; large sample test for proportion, difference.       4         (2) Estimation of a population variance: Sampling distribution of variance, estimation.       4         (3) Inferences from small sample: Student's t distribution; Small sample t test for following - A population mean, A difference between two       4		and compound, Laws of probability, Probability density function,	4
Bayes' Theorem       (2) Discrete Probability Distribution: Basics of Binomial Distribution pdf, Multinomial Distribution, Negative Binomial Distribution, cdf, Poisson Distribution pdf, cdf, Hypergeometric Distribution pf, cdf. Continuous Probability Distributions: Relative frequency distribution and pdf, Exponential pdf, cdf, Normal distribution - Normal pdf, cdf, Standard Normal Distribution, Normal Approximation to the binomial.       4         3       Sampling Distribution: (1) Introduction, Central Limit Theorem; Population frequency distribution vs. Sampling Distributions; Sampling distribution of the sample mean - Estimating population Mean and Standard deviation; Sampling distributions of the difference between sample means/ proportions in a binomial population.       4         4       (2) Sampling distribution of the gopulation parameters and Hypothesis testing; Basics of Estimating the populations mean and difference; estimating the proportion and difference; large sample test for population mean, difference; large sample test for proportion, difference.       4         (2) Estimation of a population variance: Sampling distribution of variance, estimation.       4		Cumulative distribution function, Expected values of Mean and	
4       (2) Discrete Probability Distribution: Basics of Binomial Distribution pdf, Multinomial Distribution, Negative Binomial Distribution, cdf, Poisson Distribution pdf, cdf, Hypergeometric Distribution pf, cdf. Continuous Probability Distributions: Relative frequency , distribution and pdf, Exponential pdf, cdf, Normal distribution - Normal pdf, cdf, Standard Normal Distribution, Normal Approximation to the binomial.       4         3       Sampling Distribution: <ul> <li>(1) Introduction, Central Limit Theorem; Population frequency distribution vs. Sampling Distributions; Sampling distribution of the sample mean – Estimating population Mean and Standard deviation; Sampling distribution of the sample proportion – Estimating proportion - Mean and Standard Deviation, Conditions for estimation.       4         4       Hypothesis Testing;       4         4       (2) Estimation of a population variance: Sampling distribution of variance, estimation.       4</li></ul>		Variance. Marginal, union, joint and conditional probabilities,	
3pdf, Multinomial Distribution, Negative Binomial Distribution, cdf, Poisson Distribution pdf, cdf, Hypergeometric Distribution pf, cdf. Continuous Probability Distributions: Relative frequency , distribution and pdf, Exponential pdf, cdf, Normal distribution - Normal pdf, cdf, Standard Normal Distribution, Normal Approximation to the binomial.43Sampling Distribution: (1) Introduction, Central Limit Theorem; Population frequency distribution vs. Sampling Distributions; Sampling distribution of the sample mean - Estimating population Mean and Standard deviation; Sampling distributions of the difference between sample means/ proportion - Mean and Standard Deviation, Conditions for estimation.44Hypothesis Testing; (1) Large Sample estimation of the population parameters and Hypothesis testing: Basics of Estimating the populations mean and difference; estimating the proportion and difference; large sample test for population mean, difference; large sample test for proportion, difference.4(2) Estimation of a population variance: Sampling distribution of variance, estimation.4(3) Inferences from small sample: Student's t distribution; Small sample t test for following - A population mean, A difference between two4		Bayes' Theorem	
4Poisson Distribution pdf, cdf, Hypergeometric Distribution pf, cdf. Continuous Probability Distributions: Relative frequency , distribution and pdf, Exponential pdf, cdf, Normal distribution – Normal pdf, cdf, Standard Normal Distribution, Normal Approximation to the binomial.43Sampling Distribution: (1) Introduction, Central Limit Theorem; Population frequency distribution vs. Sampling Distributions; Sampling distribution of the sample mean - Estimating population Mean and Standard deviation; Sampling distribution of the sample proportion - Estimating proportions in a binomial population.44(2) Sampling distributions of the difference between sample means/ proportion – Mean and Standard Deviation, Conditions for estimation.44Hypothesis Testing: (1) Large Sample estimation of the population parameters and Hypothesis testing; Basics of Estimating the populations mean and difference; large sample test for proportion, difference.4(2) Estimation of a population variance: Sampling distribution of variance, estimation.4(3) Inferences from small sample: Student's t distribution; Small sample t test for following – A population mean, A difference between two4		(2) <b>Discrete Probability Distribution:</b> Basics of Binomial Distribution	
4Continuous Probability Distributions: Relative frequency , distribution and pdf, Exponential pdf, cdf, Normal distribution - Normal pdf, cdf, Standard Normal Distribution, Normal Approximation to the binomial.43Sampling Distribution: (1) Introduction, Central Limit Theorem; Population frequency distribution vs. Sampling Distributions; Sampling distribution of the sample mean - Estimating population Mean and Standard deviation; Sampling distribution of the sample proportion - Estimating proportions in a binomial population.44(2) Sampling distributions of the difference between sample means/ proportion - Mean and Standard Deviation, Conditions for estimation.44Hypothesis Testing: (1) Large Sample estimation of the population parameters and Hypothesis testing: Basics of Estimating the populations mean and difference; large sample test for population mean, difference; large sample test for population mean, difference; large sample test for population of a population variance: Sampling distribution of variance, estimation.4(3) Inferences from small sample: Student's t distribution; Small sample t test for following - A population mean, A difference between two4		pdf, Multinomial Distribution, Negative Binomial Distribution, cdf,	
4       , distribution and pdf, Exponential pdf, cdf, Normal distribution - Normal pdf, cdf, Standard Normal Distribution, Normal Approximation to the binomial.       4         3       Sampling Distribution: <ul> <li>(1) Introduction, Central Limit Theorem; Population frequency distribution vs. Sampling Distributions; Sampling distribution of the sample mean - Estimating population Mean and Standard deviation; Sampling distribution of the sample proportion - Estimating proportions in a binomial population.       4         (2) Sampling distributions of the difference between sample means/ proportion - Mean and Standard Deviation, Conditions for estimation.       4         4       Hypothesis Testing:             <ul> <li>(1) Large Sample estimation of the population parameters and Hypothesis testing: Basics of Estimating the populations mean and difference; estimating the proportion and difference; large sample test for population mean, difference; large sample test for proportion, difference.       4         (2) Estimation of a population variance: Sampling distribution of variance, estimation.       4         (3) Inferences from small sample: Student's t distribution; Small sample t test for following - A population mean, A difference between two</li> <li>(4)</li> </ul></li></ul>		Poisson Distribution pdf, cdf, Hypergeometric Distribution pf, cdf.	
Normal pdf, cdf, Standard Normal Distribution, Normal Approximation to the binomial.3Sampling Distribution: (1) Introduction, Central Limit Theorem; Population frequency distribution vs. Sampling Distributions; Sampling distribution of the sample mean - Estimating population Mean and Standard deviation; Sampling distribution of the sample proportion - Estimating proportions in a binomial population.4(2) Sampling distributions of the difference between sample means/ proportion - Mean and Standard Deviation, Conditions for estimation.4(1) Large Sample estimation of the population parameters and Hypothesis testing: Basics of Estimating the populations mean and difference; estimating the proportion and difference; large sample test for population mean, difference; large sample test for proportion, difference.4(2) Estimation of a population variance: Sampling distribution of variance, estimation.4(3) Inferences from small sample: Student's t distribution; Small sample t test for following - A population mean, A difference between two4		Continuous Probability Distributions: Relative frequency	4
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4       (2) Sampling distribution of the sample proportion – Estimating proportions in a binomial population.       (2) Sampling distributions of the difference between sample means/ proportion – Mean and Standard Deviation, Conditions for estimation.       4         4       Hypothesis Testing:       4         (1)       Large Sample estimation of the population parameters and Hypothesis testing: Basics of Estimating the populations mean and difference; estimating the proportion and difference; large sample test for population mean, difference; large sample test for proportion, difference.       4         (2)       Estimation of a population variance: Sampling distribution of variance, estimation.       4	3		4
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4       proportion - Mean and Standard Deviation, Conditions for estimation.       4         4       Hypothesis Testing:       (1)       Large Sample estimation of the population parameters and Hypothesis testing: Basics of Estimating the populations mean and difference; estimating the proportion and difference; large sample test for population mean, difference; large sample test for proportion, difference.       4         (2)       Estimation of a population variance: Sampling distribution of variance, estimation.       4         (3)       Inferences from small sample: Student's t distribution; Small sample t test for following – A population mean, A difference between two       4			
4       Hypothesis Testing:       4         4       (1) Large Sample estimation of the population parameters and Hypothesis testing: Basics of Estimating the populations mean and difference; estimating the proportion and difference; large sample test for population mean, difference; large sample test for proportion, difference.       4         (2) Estimation of a population variance: Sampling distribution of variance, estimation.       4         (3) Inferences from small sample: Student's t distribution; Small sample t test for following – A population mean, A difference between two       4			4
4       Hypothesis Testing:       4         (1)       Large Sample estimation of the population parameters and Hypothesis testing: Basics of Estimating the populations mean and difference; estimating the proportion and difference; large sample test for population mean, difference; large sample test for proportion, difference.       4         (2)       Estimation of a population variance: Sampling distribution of variance, estimation.       4         (3)       Inferences from small sample: Student's t distribution; Small sample t test for following – A population mean, A difference between two       4			-
4       Hypothesis testing: Basics of Estimating the populations mean and difference; estimating the proportion and difference; large sample test for population mean, difference; large sample test for proportion, difference.       4         (2)       Estimation of a population variance: Sampling distribution of variance, estimation.       4         (3)       Inferences from small sample: Student's t distribution; Small sample t test for following – A population mean, A difference between two       4		Hypothesis Testing:	
4       difference; estimating the proportion and difference; large sample test for population mean, difference; large sample test for proportion, difference.       4         (2)       Estimation of a population variance: Sampling distribution of variance, estimation.       4         (3)       Inferences from small sample: Student's t distribution; Small sample t test for following – A population mean, A difference between two       4		(1) Large Sample estimation of the population parameters and	
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difference.       (2) Estimation of a population variance: Sampling distribution of variance, estimation.       4         (3) Inferences from small sample: Student's t distribution; Small sample t test for following – A population mean, A difference between two       4	4	difference; estimating the proportion and difference; large sample test	1
difference.       (2) Estimation of a population variance: Sampling distribution of variance, estimation.       4         (3) Inferences from small sample: Student's t distribution; Small sample t test for following – A population mean, A difference between two       4		for population mean, difference; large sample test for proportion,	
variance, estimation.       4         (3) Inferences from small sample: Student's t distribution; Small sample t test for following – A population mean, A difference between two       4			
variance, estimation.         (3) Inferences from small sample: Student's t distribution; Small sample t         test for following – A population mean, A difference between two         4		(2) Estimation of a population variance: Sampling distribution of	
test for following – A population mean, A difference between two 4		variance, estimation.	4
		(3) Inferences from small sample: Student's t distribution; Small sample t	
			4
		means, Confidence interval.	

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Total		values to test Hypothesis	45
	(-)	hypothesis about a population mean using the Z- statistic, using p-	3
	(4)	Rejection and Non-rejection region, Type I and Type II errors, testing	

**Prescribed Text :** 

- 1. Richard, L & David, R. (2013). Statistics For Management, Pearson
- 2. Gupta, S. P (2012). *Statistical Methods*. Sultan Chand & Sons

#### **References:**

- 1. Gujarati, D (2011). Basic Econometrics. McGraw Hill
- 2. William, M. (1993). Statistics for Management and Economics. Duxbery Press
- 3. Ken Black (2010). Business Statistics. E-book

**Internet references:** NIL

Any other information: NIL

Total Marks of Internal Continuous Assessment (ICA): 50 Marks

#### **Distribution of ICA Marks:**

Description of ICA	Marks
Test Marks	20
Term Work Marks	30
Total Marks :	50

## **Details of Term work:**

• Class Test/Assignments/ Case Studies / Projects / Presentations

Signature (Prepared by Concerned Faculty/HOD)